

Table of Contents

<u>PA</u> <u>FINANCIAL SECTION</u>	<u>GE (S)</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	4
Statement of Activities	5
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	6-8
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	9-11
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	12
Notes to Financial Statements.	13-26
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General and Major Special Revenue Funds.	27-28
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability	29
Schedule of Employer Contributions	30
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	31-33
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	34-36
OTHER REPORTS	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	37-38



Quest CPAs PLLC

Quality Expertise Service Timeliness

Audits Taxes Special Services 11501 Highway 95 Payette, Idaho 83661 www.qcpas.com info@qcpas.com P: 208-642-1417 F: 208-642-1582

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Directors American Heritage Charter School

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of American Heritage Charter School (the School) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities**

Management believes the costs of implementing GASB 75 (having actuarial calculations performed for other post-employment benefits) cannot be justified at this time. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that a liability and related expense be recorded for other post-employment benefits, which would decrease net position, increase liabilities, and increase expenses in the governmental activities. The amount by which this departure would affect net position, liabilities, and expenses in the governmental activities has not been determined.

## **Qualified Opinion**

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities of the School, as of June 30, 2018, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Unmodified Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, and schedule of employer contributions listed as required supplementary information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not required to be a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, and historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express

an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has not included the management's discussion and analysis information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, and historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by not including this information.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 9, 2018, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

#### Quest CPAs PLLC

Payette, Idaho October 9, 2018



## Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash	\$926,558
Receivables:	
Local Sources	1,631
State Sources	39,937
Federal Sources	62,207
Total Current Assets	1,030,333
Noncurrent Assets	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	0
Depreciable Net Capital Assets	81,217
Total Noncurrent Assets	81,217
Total Assets	1,111,550
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	
Pension Sources	195,471
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	195,471
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$1,307,021
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$0
Salaries & Benefits Payable	177,799
Unspent Grant Allocation	18,711
Long-Term Debt, Current	7,013
Total Current Liabilities	203,523
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Long-Term Debt, Noncurrent	1,489
Net Pension Liability	456,651
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	458,140
Total Liabilities	661,663
Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension Sources	68,500
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	68,500
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	730,163
	730,103
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	72,715
Restricted:	
Special Programs	41,622
Unrestricted	462,521
Total Net Position	576,858
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$1,307,021

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Program Revenue	s	Net (Expense) Revenue And Changes in Net Position
			Operating	Capital	
F (1 (1)		Charges For	Grants And	Grants And	Governmental
Functions/Programs Governmental Activities	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Instructional Programs	¢(20.772		Ø52 572		(\$505.200)
Elementary School	\$638,773		\$53,573		(\$585,200)
Secondary School	440,265		2,500		(437,765)
Special Education	88,546		57,687		(30,859)
Support Service Programs	25.400		5.710		(10, (00)
Attendance - Guidance - Health	25,409		5,710		(19,699)
Special Education Support Services	19,683				(19,683)
Instruction Improvement	37,595		12,382		(25,213)
Educational Media	0				0
Instruction-Related Technology	72,774		22,029		(50,745)
Board of Education	33,948				(33,948)
District Administration	116,469				(116,469)
School Administration	118,081				(118,081)
Business Operation	61,009				(61,009)
Administrative Technology	49,289		25,946		(23,343)
Buildings - Care	156,434				(156,434)
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied	15,061				(15,061)
Maintenance - Student Occupied	30,045				(30,045)
Maintenance - Grounds	102,479				(102,479)
Security	11,992				(11,992)
Pupil-To-School Transportation	20,863				(20,863)
Non-Instructional Programs					
Child Nutrition	81,327	\$42,465	43,810		4,948
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	2,920				(2,920)
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	0				0
Debt Service - Principal	0				0
Debt Service - Interest	1,045				(1,045)
Total	\$2,124,007	\$42,465	\$223,637	\$0	(1,857,905)
	General Revenue				
	Local Revenue	:5			33,830
	State Revenue				2,113,411
	Federal Revenue				2,113,411
					-
	Pension Revenu Total	e (Expense)			(166,528)
	ा ०६४१				1,980,713
	Change in Net Po	osition			122,808
	Net Position - Be	ginning			454,050
	Net Position - En	~ ~			\$576,858
		_			

## Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

Nutrition Fund	Governmental Funds
33 \$7,863	\$35,562
31	0
937	0
	62,207
96	0
97 \$7,863	\$97,769
	\$0
	43,496
96	1,803
	18,711
96 \$0	64,010
7,863	33,759
201	0
	33,759
	\$97,769
	Fund  33 \$7,863  33 \$7,863  396  997 \$7,863  7,863  201 7,863

## Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	Total Governmental Funds
Assets	
Cash	\$926,558
Receivables:	
Local Sources	1,631
State Sources	39,937
Federal Sources	62,207
Due From Other Funds	43,496
Total Assets	\$1,073,829
Liabilities Accounts Payable Due To Other Funds Salaries & Benefits Payable Unspent Grant Allocation Total Liabilities	\$0 43,496 177,799 18,711 240,006
Fund Balances Restricted: Special Programs Unassigned Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	41,622 792,201 833,823
Total Liadinties and rung Balances	\$1,073,829

Page 3 of 3

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

## **Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities**

<b>Total Governmental Fund Balances</b>	\$833,823
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	81,217
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(8,502)
Net pension liability and related pension source deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(329,680)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$576,858

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General Fund	Child Nutrition Fund	Other Governmental Funds
Revenues		<del>-</del>	
Local Revenue	\$16,636	\$42,465	\$17,194
State Revenue	2,113,411		71,762
Federal Revenue		43,810	108,065
Total Revenues	2,130,047	86,275	197,021
Expenditures			
Instructional Programs			
Elementary School	658,467		53,573
Secondary School	488,263		2,500
Special Education	30,859		57,687
Support Service Programs			
Attendance - Guidance - Health	19,699		5,710
Special Education Support Services	19,683		0
Instruction Improvement	25,213		12,382
Educational Media			0
Instruction-Related Technology	50,745		22,029
Board of Education	33,948		0
District Administration	116,469		0
School Administration	118,081		0
Business Operation	61,009		0
Administrative Technology	25,886		23,403
Buildings - Care	156,434		0
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied	15,061		0
Maintenance - Student Occupied	30,045		0
Maintenance - Grounds	102,479		0
Security	11,992		0
Pupil-To-School Transportation	20,863		0
Non-Instructional Programs			
Child Nutrition	2,915	78,412	0
Capital Assets - Student Occupied			0
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied			0
Debt Service - Principal	19,103		0
Debt Service - Interest	1,045		0
Total Expenditures	2,008,259	78,412	177,284
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	121,788	7,863	19,737
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In	/a .aa		8,405
Transfers Out	(8,405)		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(8,405)	0	8,405
Net Change in Fund Balances	113,383	7,863	28,142
Fund Balances - Beginning	678,818	0	5,617
Fund Balances - Ending	\$792,201	\$7,863	\$33,759

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	runds
Local Revenue	\$76,295
State Revenue	2,185,173
Federal Revenue	151,875
Total Revenues	2,413,343
Expenditures	
Instructional Programs	
Elementary School	712,040
Secondary School	490,763
Special Education	88,546
Support Service Programs	
Attendance - Guidance - Health	25,409
Special Education Support Services	19,683
Instruction Improvement	37,595
Educational Media	0
Instruction-Related Technology	72,774
Board of Education	33,948
District Administration	116,469
School Administration	118,081
Business Operation	61,009
Administrative Technology	49,289
Buildings - Care	156,434
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied	15,061
Maintenance - Student Occupied	30,045
Maintenance - Grounds	102,479
Security	11,992
Pupil-To-School Transportation	20,863
Non-Instructional Programs	
Child Nutrition	81,327
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	0
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	0
Debt Service - Principal	19,103
Debt Service - Interest	1,045
Total Expenditures	2,263,955
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	1.40.200
Over Expenditures	149,388
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0.407
Transfers In	8,405
Transfers Out	(8,405)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	140.299
Net Change in Fund Balances	149,388
Fund Balances - Beginning	684,435
Fund Balances - Ending	\$833,823

Page 3 of 3

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2018

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

## **Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds**

\$149,388

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the excess of capital outlays over (under) depreciation expense in the current period.

(2,920)

Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term debt in the statement of net position.

19,103

Changes in net pension liability and related pension source deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources do not provide or require current financial resources and therefore are not reflected in the funds.

(42,763)

## **Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities**

\$122,808

## Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2018

	Agency Funds - Student Activity
Assets	
Cash	\$29,699
Total Assets	\$29,699
Liabilities  Due to Student Groups  Total Liabilities	\$29,699 29,699
Net Position Total Net Position Total Liabilities and Net Position	0 \$29,699

Notes to Financial Statements

#### A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Reporting Entity</u> – American Heritage Charter School (the School) is organized as a nonprofit corporation providing public charter school educational services as authorized by Section 33 of Idaho Code.

Idaho Code Section 33-5210(3) requires charter schools to comply with the same financial reporting requirements imposed on school districts, i.e. – on a governmental, rather than nonprofit, basis of accounting. Additionally, enabling legislation creates charter schools as public entities, i.e. – as public schools, subject to provisions common with other governmental entities as set forth in Idaho Code Section 33-5204. Accordingly, the School's basis of presentation follows the governmental, rather than nonprofit, reporting model.

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to charter schools. The governmental accounting standards board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the School are discussed below.

<u>Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements</u> – The School's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the School as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School's major funds). Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. Currently, all the School's activities are categorized as governmental activities.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The government-wide statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the School's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues as reported in the statement of activities. The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation when recorded) by related program revenues and operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Internal activity between funds (when two or more funds are involved) is eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reports capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenues.

The School reports expenditures in accordance with the State Department of Education's "Idaho Financial Accounting Reporting Management System" (IFARMS). IFARMS categorizes all expenditures by function, program and object. Accordingly, there is no allocation of indirect costs.

Notes to Financial Statements

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the School as an entity and the change in the School's net position resulting from the current year's activities. Fiduciary funds, when present, are not included in the government-wide statements.

<u>Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements</u> – The financial transactions of the School are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. Generally accepted accounting principles set forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of the funds) for the determination of major funds.

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. Major governmental funds of the School include:

General Fund – The general fund is the School's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Major special revenue funds include the child nutrition fund, which serves to account for providing nutritional meals to students (including subsidized meals).

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support School programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and are reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. Fiduciary funds of the School include:

Agency Funds – Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the School on behalf of students.

<u>Basis of Accounting</u> – Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Activities in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when

Notes to Financial Statements

susceptible to accrual (when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or within thirty days after year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on long-term debt which, if any, are recognized when due and payable.

<u>Cash</u> – Nearly all the cash balances of the School's funds are pooled for investment purposes. The individual funds' portions of the pooled cash are reported in each fund as cash. Interest earned on pooled cash is paid to the general fund unless Idaho Code specifies otherwise.

**Receivables** – Receivables are reported net of any estimated uncollectible amounts.

<u>Inventories</u> – Material supplies on hand at year end are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value using the first-in, first-out method.

<u>Capital Assets and Depreciation</u> – Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation over the estimated useful lives of depreciable assets is recorded using the straight line method.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The School provides certain compensated absences to its employees. The estimated amount of compensation for future amounts is deemed to be immaterial and, accordingly, no liability is recorded.

Other Post-Employment Benefits – The School does not provide benefits to retired employees other than retirement benefits funded through the Public Employees Retirement System of Idaho. However, certain retired employees can remain on the School insurance policy after retirement if the retired employee pays the average monthly cost. The difference between the age-adjusted monthly cost and the average monthly cost is referred to as an "implicit subsidy" since the medical insurance rate of a retired employee is generally higher than the medical insurance rate of a younger employee. GASB 75 requires that employers have actuarial calculations performed for these other post-employment benefits so that liabilities and related expenses can be recorded in the government-wide financial statements and related notes and required supplementary information can be prepared. Management believes the costs of implementing GASB 75 cannot be justified at this time. Accordingly, the School accounts for the other-post employment benefits for retirees on the pay-as-you-go basis.

<u>Pensions</u> – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense/revenue, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (the Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements

<u>Net Position</u> – Net position is assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities less deferred inflows of resources. The net investment in capital assets component of net position consists of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt that was used to finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Restricted net position consists of assets that are restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, legislation, and other parties. All other net position not reported as restricted or net investment in capital assets is reported as unrestricted.

Fund Balance Classifications – Restrictions of the fund balance indicate portions that are legally or contractually segregated for a specific future use. Nonspendable portions of the fund balance are those amounts that cannot be spent because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Committed portions represent amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action (i.e. board approval) of the reporting entity's governing body. Assigned portions represent amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose. Remaining fund balances are reported as unassigned. When expenditures are incurred that qualify for either restricted or unrestricted resources, the School first utilizes restricted resources. When expenditures are incurred that qualify for either committed or assigned or unassigned resources, the School first utilizes committed resources then assigned resources before using unassigned resources.

<u>Income Taxes</u> – The School is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code except for income, if any, derived from unrelated business activities. The School's tax returns for the current year and prior two years are subject to examination by the IRS and state tax authorities, generally for three years after they are filed.

<u>Contingent Liabilities</u> – Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the School expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

<u>Interfund Activity</u> — Interfund activity is reported either as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – The School maintains its cash at insured financial institutions. Periodically, balances may exceed federally insured limits. The School does not have a formal policy concerning custodial credit risk.

<u>Risk Management</u> – The School is exposed to various risks related to its operations. Insurance is utilized to the extent practical to minimize these risks.

<u>Nonmonetary Transactions</u> – Items received via food commodities programs are recognized at their stated fair market value.

<u>Subsequent Events</u> – Subsequent events were evaluated through the date of the auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### B. CASH

Cash consists of the following at year end:

	Governmental	Fiduciary	
	Funds	Funds	Total
Cash - Deposits	\$926,558	\$29,699	\$956,257
Total	\$926,558	\$29,699	\$956,257

<u>Deposits</u> – At year end, the carrying amounts of the School's deposits were \$956,257 and the bank balances were \$968,655. Of the bank balances, \$500,000 was insured and the remainder was uninsured and uncollateralized.

<u>Investments</u> – State statutes authorize government entities to invest in certain bonds, notes, accounts, investment pools, and other obligations of the state, U.S. Government, and U.S. corporations pursuant to Idaho Code 67-1210 and 67-1210A. These statutes are designed to help minimize the custodial risk that deposits may not be returned in the event of the failure of the issuer or other counterparty, interest rate risk resulting from fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, or credit risks that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its obligations. The School's investment policy complies with state statutes.

Notes to Financial Statements

## C. RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of the following at year end:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Total
Local Sources			
Other Local Sources	\$1,631		\$1,631
Total	\$1,631		\$1,631
State Sources Foundation Program Total	\$39,937 \$39,937		\$39,937 \$39,937
Federal Sources			
Special Programs		\$62,207	\$62,207
Total		\$62,207	\$62,207

Notes to Financial Statements

## D. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets for the year is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$0			\$0
Total	0	\$0	\$0	0
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings	77,552			77,552
Equipment	13,689			13,689
Subtotal	91,241	0	0	91,241
Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings	3,935	1,551		5,486
Equipment	3,169	1,369		4,538
Subtotal	7,104	2,920	0	10,024
Total	84,137	(2,920)	0	81,217
Net Capital Assets	\$84,137	(\$2,920)	\$0	\$81,217

Depreciation expense of \$2,920 was charged to the capital assets – student occupied program.

## E. OPERATING LEASE

The School has an operating lease for its premises. The lease is non-cancelable, has a term from August 31, 2015 through June 30, 2036, and calls for monthly payments of \$7,455. Total lease payments for the year amounted to \$89,464.

Notes to Financial Statements

Future minimum lease payments are estimated as follows:

Year	
Ended	
6/30/19	\$89,460
6/30/20	89,460
6/30/21	89,460
6/30/22	89,460
6/30/23	89,460
6/30/24-28	447,300
6/30/29-33	447,300
6/30/34-36	268,380
Total	\$1,610,280

## F. LONG-TERM DEBT

At year end, the School's note payable was as follows:

Note payable due in monthly payments of \$611 with interest at 6.0%,	
unsecured, paid through the general fund	\$8,502
Total	\$8,502

Maturities on the note are estimated as follows:

Year		
<b>Ended</b>	_ Principal_	Interest
6/30/19	\$7,013	\$319
6/30/20	1,489	13
Total	\$8,502	\$332

Changes in long-term debt are as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	<b>Due Within</b>
Description	<b>Balance</b>	<b>Increases</b>	<b>Decreases</b>	<b>Balance</b>	One Year
Note Payable	\$27,605		\$19,103	\$8,502	\$7,013
Total	\$27,605	\$0	\$19,103	\$8,502	\$7,013

Interest and related costs during the year amounted to \$1,045 and were charged to the debt service – interest program.

Notes to Financial Statements

#### G. PENSION PLAN

## Plan Description

The School contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

#### Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

#### Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) that are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2017 it was 6.79% for general

Notes to Financial Statements

employees and 8.36% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate as a percent of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% for general employees and 11.66% for police and firefighters. The School's contributions were \$123,765 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the School reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2017, the School's proportion was 0.0290522 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School recognized pension revenue (expense) of (\$166,528). At June 30, 2018, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$63,261	\$41,140
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	8,445	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		27,360
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	123,765	
Total	\$195,471	\$68,500
1 Utai	\$173,471	\$08,300

\$123,765 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an addition to the pension expense or reduction of the pension revenue in the year ending June 30, 2019.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2016 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2017 is 4.9 and 5.5 for the measurement period June 30, 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension (expense) revenue as follows:

Year		
Ended		
6/30/19	(\$24	1,825)
6/30/20	42	2,902
6/30/21	12	2,173
6/30/22	(27	7,046)
Total	\$3	3,204

### Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Inflation} & 3.25\% \\ \text{Salary increases} & 4.25-10.00\% \\ \end{array}$ 

Salary inflation 3.75%

Investment rate of return 7.10%, net of investment expenses

Cost-of-living adjustments 1%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2013 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. Mortality and all economic assumptions were studied in 2014 for the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2013. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of January 1, 2017.

Carital Marlant Assersanti

	Expected	Expected	Strategic	Strategic
Asset Class	Return*	Risk	Normal	Ranges
Equities			70%	66% - 77%
Broad Domestic Equities	9.15%	19.00%	55%	50% - 65%
International	9.25%	20.20%	15%	10% - 20%
Fixed Income	3.05%	3.75%	30%	23% - 33%
Cash	2.25%	0.90%	0%	0% - 5%
			Expected	
	Expected	Expected	Real	Expected
Total Fund	Return*	Inflation	Return	Risk
Actuary	7.00%	3.25%	3.75%	N/A
Portfolio	6.58%	2.25%	4.33%	12.67%
*Expected arithmetic return net	of fees and exper	ises		
-	-			
Actuarial Assumptions				
Assumed Inflation - Mean				3.25%
				2.00%

Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return

Assumed Investment Expenses

Portfolio Long-Term Expected Geometric Rate of Return

Long-Term Expected Geometric Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses

24

8.42%

7.50% 0.40%

7.10%

Notes to Financial Statements

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease Discount Rate		1% Increase
	(6.10%)	(7.10%)	(8.10%)
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$1,061,350	\$456,651	(\$45,871)

#### Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

## Impacts on the School's net position

Depending on the annual performance of the Base Plan and the various non-financial factors that affect the collective Base Plan net pension liability (as described above), the School may periodically experience a deficit in its net position. This can occur as a result of recording the School's allocable portion of the net pension liability which is an estimated liability that changes substantially from year to year depending on the factors described above but does not currently require cash outflows. As the net pension liability of the Base Plan is closely monitored by PERSI's board (who makes changes to the contribution rates and other terms of the Base Plan whenever deemed necessary), such deficits are not deemed to be of substantial concern.

Notes to Financial Statements

## H. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances at year end consist of the following:

	Due From Fund	
	Nonmajor	
	Governmental Total	
<b>Due To Fund</b>		
General	\$43,496	\$43,496
Total	\$43,496	\$43,496

These interfund balances resulted from the time lag between when expenditures are incurred in a fund and when the fund is reimbursed for such expenditures.

Interfund transfers during the year consist of the following:

<b>Fund</b>	Transfer In	<b>Transfer Out</b>	<b>Purpose</b>
General		\$8,405	Maintenance
Nonmajor Governmental	\$8,405		Maintenance
Total	\$8,405	\$8,405	



Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General and Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted A			Final Budget Variance
C IF I	(GAAP I		Actual	Positive
General Fund	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues	¢11 000	¢11 000	¢1.6.62.6	Ø5 (2)
Local Revenue	\$11,000	\$11,000	\$16,636	\$5,636
State Revenue	2,157,013	2,157,013	2,113,411	(43,602)
Federal Revenue	2.169.012	2 169 012	2 120 047	(27.066)
Total Revenues	2,168,013	2,168,013	2,130,047	(37,966)
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs	((7.46)	(75 (51	(50.467	17 104
Elementary School	667,463	675,651	658,467	17,184
Secondary School	603,069	542,956	488,263	54,693
Special Education	23,282	30,962	30,859	103
Support Service Programs	24.000	21 400	10.600	1.700
Attendance - Guidance - Health	24,998	21,498	19,699	1,799
Special Education Support Services	21,800	21,800	19,683	2,117
Instruction Improvement	30,379	37,404	25,213	12,191
Educational Media	0	0	0	0
Instruction-Related Technology	24,000	52,000	50,745	1,255
Board of Education	39,150	33,750	33,948	(198)
District Administration	91,011	120,411	116,469	3,942
School Administration	143,562	122,662	118,081	4,581
Business Operation	59,342	65,342	61,009	4,333
Administrative Technology	52,175	45,875	25,886	19,989
Buildings - Care	206,200	174,450	156,434	18,016
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied	1,500	15,000	15,061	(61)
Maintenance - Student Occupied	101,800	68,800	30,045	38,755
Maintenance - Grounds	22,000	101,479	102,479	(1,000)
Security	7,000	19,500	11,992	7,508
Pupil-To-School Transportation	19,272	23,272	20,863	2,409
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition	8,000	3,100	2,915	185
Capital Assets - Student Occupied	0	0	0	0
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied	0	0	0	0
Debt Service - Principal	19,610	19,610	19,103	507
Debt Service - Interest	2,400	2,400	1,045	1,355
Total Expenditures	2,168,013	2,197,922	2,008,259	189,663 *
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	0	(29,909)	121,788	151,697
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	0	0	0	0
Transfers Out	0	0	(8,405)	(8,405) *
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	0	0	(8,405)	(8,405)
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	(29,909)	113,383	143,292
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	678,818	678,818
Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	(\$29,909)	\$792,201	\$822,110
	*Total expenditures	s (over) under appi	copriations are:	\$181,258

See Auditor's Report

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General and Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted A			Final Budget Variance
Child Nutrition Fund	(GAAP B Original	Basis) Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Original	Fillai	Amounts	(regative)
Local Revenue	\$36,950	\$36,950	\$42,465	\$5,515
Federal Revenue	30,000	30,000	43,810	13,810
<b>Total Revenues</b>	66,950	66,950	86,275	19,325
Expenditures			<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition	72,950	82,450	78,412	4,038
Total Expenditures	72,950	82,450	78,412	4,038 *
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		<del></del> -		
Over Expenditures	(6,000)	(15,500)	7,863	23,363
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	6,000	6,000	0	(6,000)
Transfers Out	0	0	0	0 *
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	6,000	6,000	0	(6,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	(9,500)	7,863	17,363
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	(\$9,500)	\$7,863	\$17,363
	*Total expenditures	(over) under appr	copriations are:	\$4,038

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability
PERSI - Base Plan
Last 10 - Fiscal Years\*

	2017	2016	2015	2014
School's portion of the net pension liability	0.0290522%	0.0235665%	0.0235944%	0.0202394%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$456,651	\$477,729	\$310,700	\$148,994
School's covered payroll	\$918,004	\$689,390	\$660,875	\$548,313
School's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	49.74%	69.30%	45.07%	22.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.68%	87.26%	91.38%	94.95%

<sup>\*</sup>GASB 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a 10-year trend is compiled, only those years for which information is available will be presented.

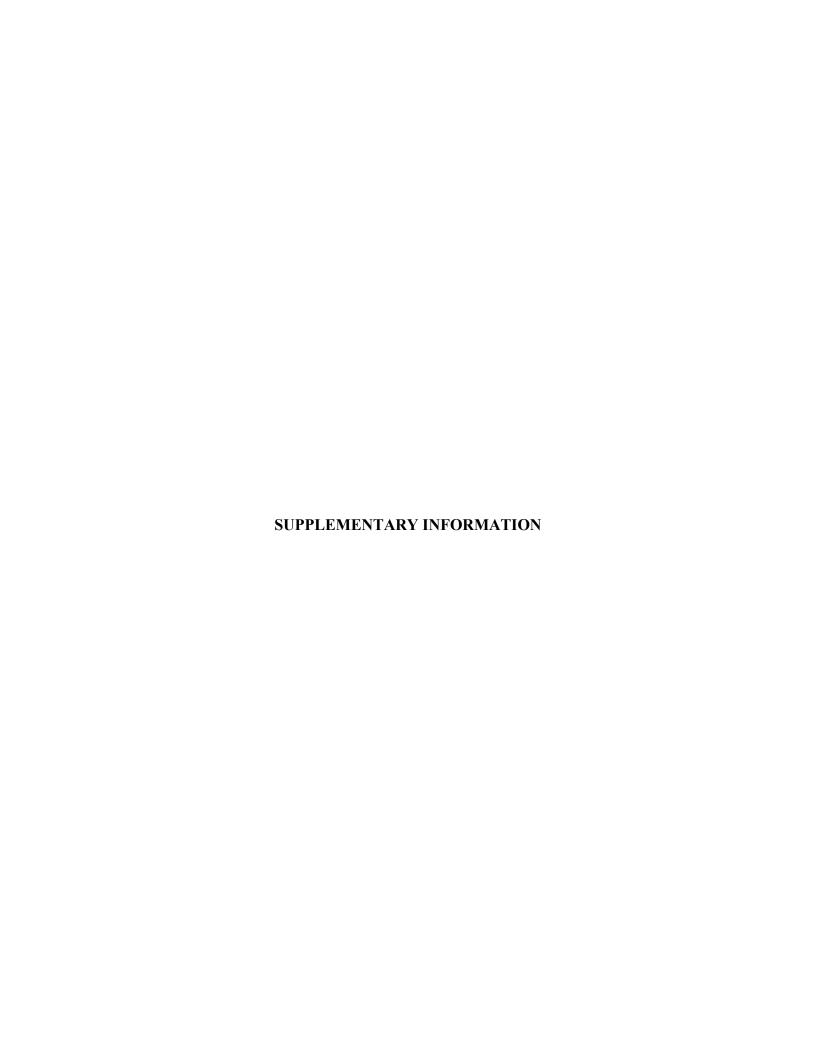
Data reported is measured as of June 30.

Schedule of Employer Contributions PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years\*

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$123,765	\$103,918	\$78,039	\$74,811
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$123,765	\$103,918	\$78,039	\$74,811
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School's covered payroll	\$1,093,330	\$918,004	\$689,390	\$660,875
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%

<sup>\*</sup>GASB 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a 10-year trend is compiled, only those years for which information is available will be presented.

Data reported is measured as of each year's fiscal year end.



## Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds			
	School Building Maintenance	STEM	Technology	Substance Abuse
Assets	_	_		
Cash	\$8,405		\$22,265	\$2,480
Receivables:				
Local Sources				
State Sources				
Federal Sources				
Due From Other Funds	<u> </u>			
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$8,405	\$0	\$22,265	\$2,480
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable				
Due To Other Funds				
Salaries & Benefits Payable			\$1,803	
Unspent Grant Allocation				
Total Liabilities	\$0	\$0	1,803	\$0
Fund Balances				
Restricted:				
Special Programs	8,405		20,462	2,480
Unassigned	, -		<b>,</b>	,
Total Fund Balances	8,405	0	20,462	2,480
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$8,405	\$0	\$22,265	\$2,480

## Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds			
•	Title I-A ESSA IBP	IDEA Part B 611 School Age 3-21	School Based Medicaid	Title IV-A ESSA SS & AE
Assets				
Cash			\$2,412	
Receivables:				
Local Sources				
State Sources				
Federal Sources	\$16,981	\$26,480		\$3,549
Due From Other Funds				
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$16,981	\$26,480	\$2,412	\$3,549
Liabilities Accounts Payable Due To Other Funds Salaries & Benefits Payable	\$5,226	\$26,480		
Unspent Grant Allocation	11,755			3,549
Total Liabilities	16,981	26,480	\$0	3,549
Fund Balances Restricted: Special Programs			2,412	
Unassigned Total Fund Balances	0		2,412	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$16,981	\$26,480	\$2,412	\$3,549
Total Liabilities and Fund Dalances	\$10,701	\$20,700	Φ2,712	φυ,υ49

## Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Title V-B	Title II-A	_	
	ESSA	ESSA		
	REI	SEI	Total	
Assets			_	
Cash			\$35,562	
Receivables:				
Local Sources			0	
State Sources			0	
Federal Sources	\$11,790	\$3,407	62,207	
Due From Other Funds			0	
Total Assets	\$11,790	\$3,407	\$97,769	
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable			\$0	
Due To Other Funds	\$11,790		43,496	
Salaries & Benefits Payable			1,803	
Unspent Grant Allocation		\$3,407	18,711	
Total Liabilities	11,790	3,407	64,010	
Fund Balances				
Restricted:				
Special Programs			33,759	
Unassigned			0	
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	0	0	33,759	
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$11,790	\$3,407	\$97,769	

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds			
	School Building Maintenance	STEM	Technology	Substance Abuse
Revenues	Maintenance	STEM	recuirology	Tibuse
Local Revenue				
State Revenue		\$2,500	\$63,482	\$5,780
Federal Revenue		<b>\$2,000</b>	\$00,.0 <b>2</b>	ψε, του
Total Revenues	\$0	2,500	63,482	5,780
Expenditures		_,		
Instructional Programs				
Elementary School				
Secondary School		2,500		
Special Education		,		
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health				5,710
Special Education Support Services				
Instruction Improvement				795
Educational Media				
Instruction-Related Technology			22,029	
Board of Education				
District Administration				
School Administration				
Business Operation				
Administrative Technology			23,403	
Buildings - Care				
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Grounds				
Security				
Pupil-To-School Transportation				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition				
Capital Assets - Student Occupied				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Debt Service - Principal				
Debt Service - Interest				
Total Expenditures	0	2,500	45,432	6,505
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	0	0	18,050	(725)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	8,405			
Transfers Out				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	8,405	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	8,405	0	18,050	(725)
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	2,412	3,205
Fund Balances - Ending	\$8,405	\$0	\$20,462	\$2,480

See Auditor's Report

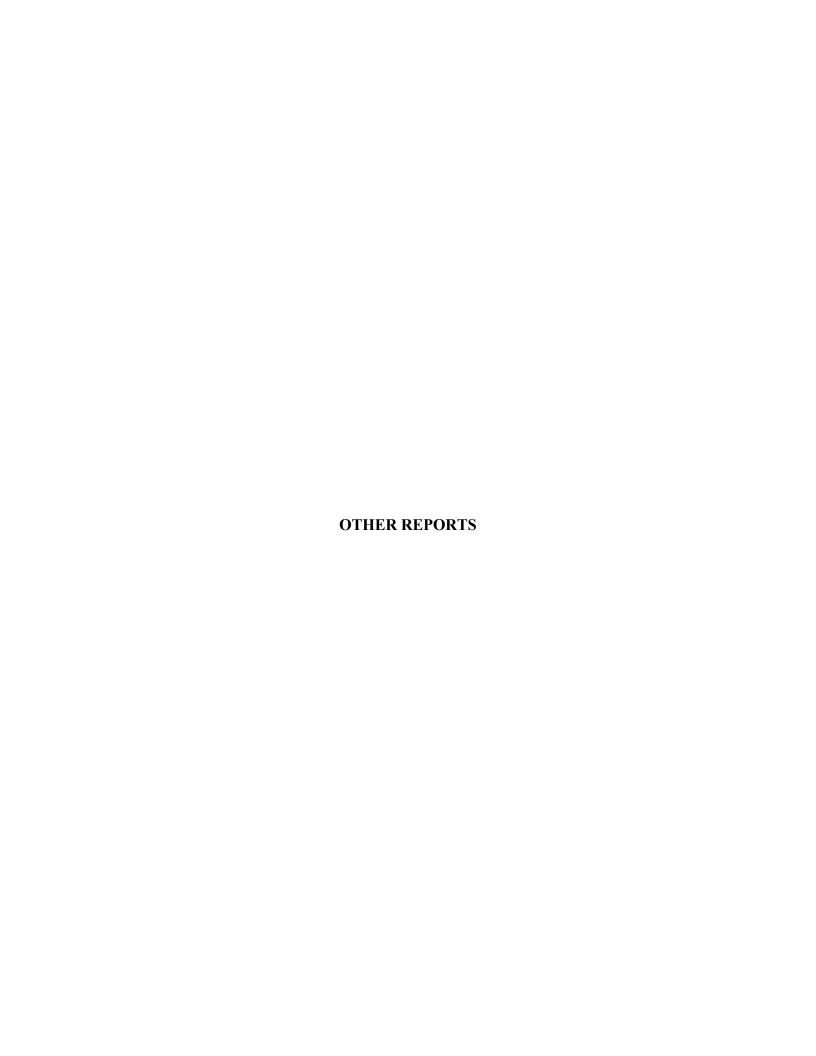
## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Title I-A ESSA IBP	IDEA Part B 611 School Age 3-21	School Based Medicaid	Title IV-A ESSA SS & AE
Revenues			_	
Local Revenue			\$17,194	
State Revenue		44000		<b></b>
Federal Revenue	\$23,838	\$42,905		\$6,451
Total Revenues	23,838	42,905	17,194	6,451
Expenditures				
Instructional Programs	22.020			6.451
Elementary School	23,838			6,451
Secondary School		42.005	14.792	
Special Education		42,905	14,782	
Support Service Programs				
Attendance - Guidance - Health Special Education Support Services				
* **				
Instruction Improvement Educational Media				
Instruction-Related Technology				
Board of Education				
District Administration				
School Administration				
Business Operation				
Administrative Technology				
Buildings - Care				
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Student Occupied				
Maintenance - Grounds				
Security				
Pupil-To-School Transportation				
Non-Instructional Programs				
Child Nutrition				
Capital Assets - Student Occupied				
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied				
Debt Service - Principal				
Debt Service - Interest				
Total Expenditures	23,838	42,905	14,782	6,451
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			_	
Over Expenditures	0	0	2,412	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In				
Transfers Out				
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	0	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	0	2,412	0
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	0	0
Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	\$0	\$2,412	\$0

See Auditor's Report

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds		
	Title V-B ESSA REI	Title II-A ESSA SEI	Total
Revenues	KEI	SEI	10111
Local Revenue			\$17,194
State Revenue			71,762
Federal Revenue	\$26,250	\$8,621	108,065
Total Revenues	26,250	8,621	197,021
Expenditures			
Instructional Programs			
Elementary School	23,284		53,573
Secondary School			2,500
Special Education			57,687
Support Service Programs			
Attendance - Guidance - Health			5,710
Special Education Support Services			0
Instruction Improvement	2,966	8,621	12,382
Educational Media			0
Instruction-Related Technology			22,029
Board of Education			0
District Administration			0
School Administration			0
Business Operation			0
Administrative Technology			23,403
Buildings - Care			0
Maintenance - Non-Student Occupied			0
Maintenance - Student Occupied			0
Maintenance - Grounds			0
Security			0
Pupil-To-School Transportation			0
Non-Instructional Programs			
Child Nutrition			0
Capital Assets - Student Occupied			0
Capital Assets - Non-Student Occupied			0
Debt Service - Principal			0
Debt Service - Interest			0
Total Expenditures	26,250	8,621	177,284
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	0	0	19,737
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In			8,405
Transfers Out			0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	8,405
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	0	28,142
Fund Balances - Beginning	0	0	5,617
Fund Balances - Ending	\$0	\$0	\$33,759



Quest CPAs PLLC

Quality Expertise Service Timeliness

Audits Taxes Special Services 11501 Highway 95 Payette, Idaho 83661 www.qcpas.com info@qcpas.com P: 208-642-1417 F: 208-642-1582

## Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Directors American Heritage Charter School

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the American Heritage Charter School (the School), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 9, 2018.

## **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

#### Quest CPAs PLLC

Payette, Idaho October 9, 2018